



LATINX CAUCUS

2025 Priority Legislation

Defending our Diversity & Freedoms

[SB 388 \(Padilla\)](#) California Latino Commission: Establishes the California Latino Commission to serve as a powerful tool for policy change, research, and advocacy that improves the economic well-being and social mobility of Latinos across the state. *Vetoed by Governor*

[AB 868 \(Carrillo\)](#) Strengthening Voter Representation in County Elections: AB 868 enhances California's election process by ensuring that county non-partisan elections appear on the general election ballot. This change will allow more voters to engage in key local elections.

Two Year Bill

[AB 1261 \(Bonta\)](#) Legal Representation for Minors: Establishes the right to legal representation for unaccompanied children in immigration court proceedings. The lack of legal representation often precludes these unaccompanied minors from asserting their right to asylum or other protections. *(Chapter 665, Statutes of 2025)*

Hands off our Healthcare

[SB 20 \(Menjivar\)](#) Silicosis Training, Outreach, and Prevention (STOP) Act: Enhances worker safety in the stone fabrication industry and strengthen silicosis prevention efforts by increasing worker education, enforcing safety regulations, and tracking the accurate number and location of fabrication shops in the state. *(Chapter 734, Statutes of 2025)*

[SB 81 \(Arreguín\)](#) Healthcare Provider Entities: Information Sharing: Requires healthcare providers to establish procedures for monitoring and receiving visitors and designating nonpublic areas. It also requires healthcare providers to prohibit immigration authorities from accessing a facilities' nonpublic area without a valid judicial warrant or court order, and proscribes the disclosure of patient medical information, such as current or past immigration status, to immigration authorities. *(Chapter 123, Statutes of 2025)*

Protecting Immigrant Families

[SB 98 \(Pérez\)](#) Sending Alerts to Families in Education (SAFE) Act: Requires K-12 schools and higher education institutions notify students, staff, and other campus community members when immigration officers are present on campus. *(Chapter 124, Statutes of 2025)*

[SB 627 \(Wiener/Arreguín/Pérez\)](#) No Secret Police Act: Prohibits federal and local law enforcement from covering their faces while conducting operations in the state of California. The bill also requires officers to be identifiable via their uniform, whether with name or other identifier. *(Chapter 125, Statutes of 2025)*

[SB 805 \(Pérez/Wiener\)](#) No Vigilantes Act: Expands police impersonation laws to address the rise in public fear and confusion caused by recent aggressive law enforcement operations and an increase in claims of police impersonation. The measure requires law enforcement operating in California to clearly display identification featuring either their name or badge number. *(Chapter 126, Statutes of 2025)*

AB 49 (Muratsuchi/Ortega/C. Rodriguez/Sen. Gonzalez) Immigration Enforcement in Schools:

Establishes the California Safe Haven Schools Act and prohibits school officials and employees of a Local Educational Agency (LEA) from allowing immigration enforcement officers to enter a school site without providing valid identification and documentation. It further requires LEAs to limit access to facilities in areas where students are not present when valid identification and documentation are provided. *(Chapter 122, Statutes of 2025)*

AB 421 (Solache) Immigration Enforcement Protections: Builds upon the CA Values Act, by prohibiting CA law enforcement agencies from collaborating with or providing information to immigration authorities within a one-mile radius of any childcare or daycare facility, religious institution, place of worship, hospital, or medical office. *(Two Year Bill)*

AB 495 (C. Rodriguez) Family Preparedness Plan Act of 2025: Requires schools and licensed child day care facilities to adopt model policies developed by the Attorney General regarding interaction with immigration enforcement authorities, and requires the Attorney General to develop those model policies. *(Chapter 664, Statutes of 2025)*

Tackling the Cost of Living

AB 1049 (C. Rodriguez) Removing Barriers to California Food Assistance Program: Eliminates sponsor-deeming requirements from the CA Food Assistance Program (CFAP). This will ensure that eligibility is based solely on an applicant's actual financial situation and improve access to food assistance for low-income immigrant Californians. *(Two Year Bill)*

AB 1303 (Valencia) Protecting California Lifeline Subscribers: Specifies that a social security number (SSN) is not needed to apply for the CA LifeLine Program and it protects the privacy of subscribers from immigration authorities. *(Chapter 347, Statutes of 2025)*

Standing with our Workers

SB 294 (Reyes) The Workplace Know Your Rights Act: Educates workers on their labor and civil rights under state and federal law. The bill creates a template for employers to inform their employees about their rights to ensure equal and just treatment under the law. It also protects families by requiring notice to a worker's emergency contact should they be arrested or detained by immigration authorities. *(Chapter 667, Statutes of 2025)*

SB 635 (Durazo) Street Vendor Business Protection Act: Advances micro-entrepreneurs' economic security and stability by limiting sensitive data that can be collected. It prohibits local sidewalk vending permitting procedures from requiring fingerprints or inquiring into immigration/citizenship status or criminal history; and proscribes local sidewalk vending enforcement officers from using their resources to share micro-businesses vulnerable information voluntarily. *(Chapter 463, Statutes of 2025)*